

# THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVI., NO. 4767

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1900,

PRICE 2 CENTS

## Bicycle Riders and Golf Players, Attention.

We offer from the importation of Messrs. Taylor & Lord of New York, some of the finest examples of high-class Golf Hose at about one-half regular prices, viz: 50c. and \$1.00 per pair, worth 75c., \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Also strong assortment of Golf and Bicycle Suits at \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, a third under real value.

HENRY PEYSER & SON.

## LAWN MOWERS

ALL SIZES

A. P. WENDELL & CO.'S

2 MARKET SQUARE.

## BICYCLES.

A Great Assortment Of

## Chain and Chainless Wheels.

CLEVELAND, WOLFF AMERICAN, STERLING, CRESCENT, B & D. SPECIAL, WESTFIELDS, COPLEYS, WOLERVINES. Also the FAY JUVENILE LINE.

See The CLEVELAND CHAINLESS, The Lightest And Easiest Running.

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SUNDRIES.

RIDER & COTTON.

## TAKE NOTICE.

Now is the time to buy HARNESSSES; we have a few at low prices. They will be higher.

## JOHN S. TILTON'S

Congress Street.

## HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

Try One And Be Convinced.

Gray & Prime CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.

DELIVER

COAL

IN BAGS!

NO DUST NO NOISE

111 Market St Telephone. 24

WITH increased facilities the owner is again prepared to take charge and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be intrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and the removal of old ivy and other debris. In addition to work at the cemetery he will do turfing and grading in the city at short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale, also Loom and Turf. Orders left at his residence, corner of Rock and Avenue and South street, or by mail, or left with Oliver W. Ham (successor to S. S. Fletcher 60 Market street), will receive prompt attention.

J. W. J. GRIFFIN

## TEST PATRIOTISM.

### Let The School Children Assist In Purchasing Gift For Kearsarge.

### A Chance For New Hampshire To Show Her Patriotism.

### Portsmouth Should Start The Ball.

The fund to be raised by the state to present a bronze tablet to each, the U. S. S. Kearsarge and U. S. S. Alabama should be from the people from every corner of the state. It should test the patriotism of our people and the *Herald* knows of no better way than by having the school children of the state start the ball a rolling by depositing their mite from one to five cents, with their teachers to be forwarded to the commission by the superintendent in every city and the school committees in the towns. Let the fund be raised at once and the school children of New Hampshire in years to come, when the bronze tablets have been through the heat of battle for their country, can recall with pride that they assisted in decorating the mighty protectors of the country's honor. Let the school teachers of "Old Strawberry Bank" start the ball by calling on the children to enroll their names and then send the contributions to Chairman W. P. Chadwick. Let New Hampshire show her patriotism.

Charles W. Merrill, 57, a well known citizen and veteran of the civil war, died Tuesday afternoon at his home in Dover. He is survived by his wife, mother and a brother.

The Rev. Daniel McIntire of the Congregational church of Barrington, closed his labors May 25, and will immediately begin a pastorate in Vermont, having received a call there.

Michael Cinchione and his clerk, Ezra Remond were held in \$100 each for the alleged sale of improperly marked oleomargarine in Dover.

New Hampshire pensions—Original, Lewis W. Lahey, Hampton, \$6. Increase, Alpheus W. Baker, Lebanon, \$24. Original widows, special, accrued May 2, Elizabeth D. Mudgett, Riverdale, \$12.

The Concord Oratorio society will close the music season, as far as this city is concerned, in Phenix hall on the evening of May 23, when Elijah will be presented. A chorus of 100 voices is being carefully trained.

Plans are practically completed for the grandstand and exhibition building to be erected at the Driving park by the Concord State Fair association. The grandstand, which will be a most solid and substantial structure, will be erected on the north side of the track. It will be 300 feet long by 40 feet in length, and will have seating accommodations for 8000 people. The main building will be 200 feet long by 50 feet in width, with wings on each side 50 feet in length. The location of the building has not yet been decided upon, but it will probably be on the east side of the grounds.

### GOSSIP OF LOCAL SPORTS.

I venture the opinion that the Portsmouth high school ranks much higher in football than in base ball.

The Official Base Ball Guide contains a portrait of Walter Woods, in a group of the leading National league players of '99.

The members of the yacht club are looking forward to some exciting regattas this year. The club fleet has been considerably enlarged since last season and many of the new boats are believed very speedy.

Tennis and golf are beginning to attract attention, not only locally, but throughout the country. Portsmouth has some clever performers at both games, and some exciting matches are pretty certain to be played in this vicinity, before the summer is over.

If the schedules are carried out there will be two games of base ball this afternoon, one at the bicycle park, between the High school teams of Somersworth and Portsmouth, and the other at the navy yard between the Woods Brothers and the Marines. The latter is a league game, and will mark the first appearance of the Woods Brothers team.

The local friends of the Boston base ball team have been hoping against hope that the beaneaters would brace up and prove themselves still in the race, but it really begins to look as if the Boston team were out of the running for one season and it is no joke that the men must play better than they have been playing, if they hope for a better position than last.

The Farragut nine will be a nut for some of the local teams to crack this summer. For several years it has been the strongest of many summer teams of this section and any team which wins from it will have to do good work. It is made up largely of college players who are in most instances varsity men, and that it is a pretty warm proposition for an amateur team goes without saying.

The idea of a bicycle meet for local riders strikes me very favorably, and I do not hesitate to predict that such an event would be a success from every point of view. I once conducted a meet of that description, and besides clearing a neat little sum, aroused the cycling enthusiasm of the town to an extent hard to believe. A local meet will, ten chances to one, draw out a larger crowd, make more money, and occasion more interest than an elaborate affair, which has three or four national champions as star attractions.

Dover, this year, has almost as many ball teams as Portsmouth and like Portsmouth, has a city league. The strongest of the Dover teams is the High school aggregation, which for a school nine, is certainly about as torrid as they make 'em. THE AMATEUR.

## STATE NEWS.

Items Of Interest to People In This Part of New Hampshire.

Charles E. Calkins of Exeter, who several weeks ago fell forty feet from a roof which he was slating, breaking one wrist and receiving other severe injuries, is now able to walk out.

The shoe factory of Chase, Chamberlain & Co., at Raymond was struck by lightning on Tuesday, but did little damage.

Salem will celebrate its 150th anniversary during Old Home Week.

Supt. J. F. Springfield of the Union Electric railway has made arrangements with a Boston expert for a display of fireworks at Central park, Dover, this evening.

It is understood that the Boston & Maine management will not run the through train from Liconia to Old Orchard beach on Sunday this summer.

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### LITERARY NOTE.

Miss Mary Johnston, the author of "To Have and To Hold," made her first contribution to literature in a Woman's Edition of the *Fincastle*, (Va.) Herald, gotten up for the benefit of the Mt. Vernon building at the World's Fair.

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### AMUSEMENTS TAXED.

Uncle Sam is getting his hand into the pocket of about everybody and getting his part of about every kind of transaction, and hardly a day goes by but what one hears of some new dodge he has taken to collect tax and add to his revenue. The latest is that all polo games and games of base-ball, basket ball, etc., must pay a tax, the tax being levied on all forms of amusement and sport for which tickets are sold, except such as are carried on by societies or for charitable benefits. Thus the basket ball players will have to settle for their fun with Uncle Sam.

### MAINE POLITICIANS IN TOWN

There are just about ten Quo Vadis companies on the boards now. New York had two and so did Indianapolis. London, Boston and New Orleans had one piece, and others "also ran."

Nightly rehearsals are being held for the production of *Brother Against Brother* at Music hall, tomorrow, Thursday, evening, under the management of Lucullus Division, U. R. K. P.

### PLAYGOER.

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of them: also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Blains, Seals, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile sure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

## BIKE TALK, ONLY.

Local dealers all report good business.

The cheap wheel is not necessarily the best.

Harry Caldwell is back in the saddle again after his recent bad tumble.

There are now 235 miles of bicycle sidepaths on Long Island.

Moses Sheriff of Manchester opened the New Hampshire century run season May 6.

Bicycle races will form a prominent part of the sport programme at the Concord state fair.

The Michigan division of the League of American Wheelmen recently defeated an attempt to license bicycles in Detroit.

Bicycles and carriage lamps burning candles are quite common in Germany, but have not made material progress elsewhere.

A two ten cent piece or other small coin makes a good screwdriver, and is even more effective if put in the monkey wrench which will give it necessary leverage.

Chief of Police Corey of Littleton is enforcing the town regulations concerning the riding of bicycles on the sidewalk and in consequence the bikers up there are clamoring for a sidepath to Athrop.

The balls which were used in the first ball bearings in bicycles in 1876 were imported at a cost of about twenty-five cents each. Today steel balls of an infinitely better grade, of finer material and finish, can be furnished at the rate of ten for one cent.

"The style of modern riding is much more suitable to hill climbing than the old fashioned and ungainly methods," said Will R. Pitman Monday. "There is one golden rule in getting up slopes which should be remembered by all riders, especially those whose hearts are inclined to go pit a pat, and that is to keep the mouth shut. So long as you are breathing easily and well without gasping you are safe enough, and may continue, but if the exertion is violent enough to force you to inhale wind between your teeth, hop off and walk."

### WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK.

Klaw & Erlanger are forming a company to appear with the Rogers Brothers next season in the new farce written by John J. McNally, The Rogers Brothers in Central Park. Among their recent engagements are Eugene O'Rouke, Miss Grace Freeman, William West and Emma Frances. The Rogers Brothers in Central Park will be presented in New York in September.

Boston bills this week: Hollis, The Rogers Brothers in Wall Street; Museum, Wheels Within Wheels; Columbia, The Lady Slavey; Tremont, Broadway to Tokio; Park, Our New Minister; Castle Square, A Gilded Fool; Keith's Cressy and Dayne and others in vaudeville.

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Miss Rhoda Cameron, of Daly's company, who finished her season in "The Ambassador" some weeks ago at New York, left today for her summer home at Sound Beach, Conn.

Miss Anna Held and her husband, Manager Florence Ziegfeld have sailed on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from New York. They will be abroad all summer.

Lederer & Schubert's Bolle of New York road company, which closed Saturday night in Syracuse, will rest a week before opening at the Columbia Theatre, Boston, on the 21st.

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## ACROSS THE RIVER

Brief Notes From Kittery Gathered For Herald Readers Today.

Regular meeting this evening of Whipple Lodge of Good Templars in Wentworth hall.

There was a largely attended meeting of the Ladies' Social circle at the vestry of the Second Christian church this afternoon.

Mrs. George O. Wilson is slowly improving from her very severe illness and is expected to completely recover.

The open cars on the electric railroad were run for the first time, regularly, on Tuesday afternoon and were greatly appreciated by the passengers on the line. It is one of the surest indications that summer has arrived when the long cars are put into use and the real great benefits of the line are the more enjoyed.

Moonlight trolley parties will soon be the thing.

### HAMPTON.

HAMPTON, May 15.

Mary Batchelder lost twelve sheep Sunday, which were killed by dogs. Only six were left in the flock and a number of lambs were killed.

Henry Drake has been acting as engineer on the Boston & Maine road for the past thirty years. His home is at Drakes Hill, North Hampton.

Peach blooms are plenty and other fruit trees bid fair to yield plentiful this year.

A new chimney of brick is to be built at the electric power station and one more boiler is to be added to the plant.

John I. Dow claims to own the best pair of horses in town. The animals came from Newburyport.

Thirty dollars was received by Mr. Jacob Leavitt, North beach, for three barrels of cranberries.

Large lots of baled hay is being sold at the feed stores; potatoes are sixty cents per bushel.

### SOUTH

## BRISTOW GOES TO CUBA

Man From Heath's Office to Supersede Rathbone.

### REASON FOR LATTER'S REMOVAL

Palpable Evidence of Carelessness in His Management of Cuban Posts—Anatis—Scandal Grows, and More Arrests Are Made.

Washington, May 15.—The postmaster general, after a protracted interview with the president, yesterday announced that Joseph L. Bristow, fourth assistant postmaster general, will proceed to Havana tomorrow to take charge of the postal affairs of the island of Cuba. The postmaster general declined to say whether or not Director General of Posts Rathbone would be suspended. It is said, however, that the fact that General Bristow will assume these duties does not necessarily indicate that Mr. Rathbone will be relieved of all connection with the service. General Bristow outranks the director of posts, and the latter might operate as a subordinate, though on this point no statement is ventured.

The letter directing the fourth assistant to proceed to Cuba is dated May 12. Mr. Bristow will remain in Cuba during the pending investigation and probably until the service is reorganized. He would in any event have supervision of the post-office inspectors conducting the examination of postal affairs in Cuba, and his transfer to Havana will bring him into closer touch with their operations. Further than the announcement that Mr. Bristow would go to Havana the post-

### SITUATION IN ST. LOUIS.

#### The Strike on One of the Car Lines Settled.

St. Louis, May 15.—There were important developments in the street car strike situation yesterday. At a conference held between the officials of the Suburban Railway company, the only system in St. Louis not controlled by the St. Louis Transit company and on which a strike was inaugurated ten days prior to that declared on the transit system, and the employees of that road an amicable adjustment was effected, and the men returned to work this morning.

On just what basis the strike was settled could not be learned, but it can be positively stated that the union received full recognition.

In many quarters it is figured that the settlement of the strike on the Suburban presages an adjustment of the difficulties between the transit company and its 3,000 striking employees in the near future. In fact, it was learned last night that at a conference held between the officials of the transit company, the chairman of the employees' grievance committee and some of the members of the citizens' committee matters were adjusted themselves for a settlement of the difficulties, when a member of the citizen committee injected into the proceedings a proposition of such a character that the discussion was brought to a close with matters no nearer a settlement than before. It is thought, however, that a future meeting of the same parties will result in establishing a basis for the settlement of the strike.

The Suburban company had no difficulty in maintaining a running schedule yesterday. On the transit company's system in one instance the police were obliged to charge on a crowd of strike sympathizers to disperse it and in number of instances used the bat side of their sabers. No casualties of a serious nature were reported during the day.

#### Dewey Day in Knoxville.

Knoxville, May 15.—Dewey day in Knoxville opened at 10 o'clock with a parade reviewed by Admiral Dewey. The admiral was delighted with the novelties, one of them being the "Brotherhood of Old Time Fiddlers," who fiddled as they passed in review. Following the parade Mayor S. G. Heiskell delivered an address of welcome to Admiral Dewey. Admiral Dewey responded briefly, saying that he had never received a more cordial welcome than at the hands of Knoxville people. At 1 o'clock the admiral and Mrs. Dewey were taken by city officials to some of the schools, stopping one or two minutes at each. At night a banquet and reception were given. Admiral Dewey said that under the inspiration of a visit to the birthplace of his old commander and the great naval hero, Admiral Farragut, he hoped in dedicating the memorial stone to make the first speech of his life.

#### Alleged German Aggression.

London, May 15.—Mr. Lionel Deele, who is conducting a Cape to Cairo expedition fitted out by the London Daily Telegraph, sends by wire and steamer from Uvila, north of Lake Tanganyika, the following: "The situation here is critical. The Germans have forcibly seized all the Kongo Free State territory up to Buzizi river, occupying 30,000 square miles of Kongo territory, with 1,000 soldiers, 15 officers and cannoneers. The Belgian officer withdrew from his station under threat of instant attack. The Germans burned the station. Their officers acted on instructions from Berlin."

#### Switz Conde Sued by Butler.

New York, May 15.—Switz Conde, the millionaire manufacturer of Oswego, N. Y., was the defendant in a suit on trial before Justice McNeil in the city court yesterday in which his former butler, John Pardi, seeks to recover \$2,000 damages for alleged slander. The slander complained of occurred at Mr. Conde's New York city home on May 10, 1898. Several days previous to this big con- taining money and jewelry was missed by Mrs. Conde. Pardi was then summarily dismissed. When he demanded a reason, Mr. Conde is alleged to have accused Pardi of stealing Mrs. Conde's jewels.

#### Standard Oil Miners Strike.

Toledo, May 15.—The Times has received the following special from Houghton, Mich.: Five hundred miners, trappers and timbermen at Arcadian mine, controlled by Standard Oil people, have gone on strike for 15 per cent advance. Striking trappers at Quincy have been joined by 500 miners, carpenters and other surface men, who demand 10 per cent in wages. About 3,500 men, or approximately a quarter of the total mining force of the district, are now idle, and it is probable that strike will follow this week in many other mines.

#### Mortgage of \$22,000,000.

Chicago, May 15.—The Chicago and Alton Railway company was party to two instruments filed yesterday with Register Simon. The first was a lease in which it became the lessee of all the property of the Chicago and Alton Railroad company, and the second was a mortgage for \$22,000,000 to the Farmers' Loan and Trust company of New York. The lease was dated April 3, 1901, and was for a term of 99 years. The consideration was \$100.

#### Borax in Paris.

Paris, May 15.—Some commotion was caused about 9 o'clock last evening on the Avenue des Champs Elysees by the explosion of a bomb under the carriage of M. Raphael, the banker, who was accompanied by his wife. The explosion occurred just as the carriage reached the junction of the avenue with the Rue de la Paix. Although considerably frightened, the occupants of the carriage were not hurt.

#### Fatal Battle With Tramps.

Sidney, N. Y., May 15. In a fight between a railroad surveying corps and a number of tramps Robert McMillen of Marlboro, Mass., an employee of the Burlington company, was stabbed to death. His slayer, whose name is unknown, but who came from South Omaha, escaped.

#### Soldiers Going to Cuba.

Chicago, May 15.—Four companies of the Fifth United States Infantry stationed at Fort Sheridan have left for New York on their way to southern Cuba, where they will be used to strengthen their regiment doing garrison duty.

#### Kumasi Still Holding Out.

Acrea, May 15.—Runners who arrived here report that Kumasi is still closely invested by the Ashantis, but that the neighboring tribes, threaten the Akanas, who are loyal to the government.

#### Weather Forecast.

Fair; continued warm, followed by thunderstorms; fresh south to west winds.

### MAN'S FIRST DISOBEDIENCE.

#### The Strike on One of the Car Lines Settled.

Of man's first disobedience and the fruit Of that forbidden tree, whose mortal taste Brought death into the world, and all our woe, With loss of Eden, till the greater Man Restore us and regain the blissful seat, Sing, heavenly muse, that on the secret top Of o'er us all who didst inspire the chosen seed, In the beginning now the heavens and earth Rose out of 'em, or, If man had fall Delight thee more and now's the brook that flowed East by the oracle of God, I then invoke Invoke thy aid to my adventurous song, That with no in due night intends to soar Above the Aonian mount, while it purrs Times unmetred yet in prose or rhyme, And chide thou, O Spirit, that dost prefer Before all temples the upright heart and pure, Instruct me, for thou know'st, thou from the first Was present, and with mighty wings outspread, Doveling fast Brooding on the vast abyss And made it present to me, that I might stand, Name what thou will, and support, That to the height of this great argument I may assert eternal Providence And justify the ways of God to men. —Milton.

#### INTERVIEWING TOM REED.

#### A Reporter's Account of How He Didn't Succeed in Doing It.

Did you ever have a newspaper reporter tell you of attempts to interview Tom Reed? Every reporter has a different story. One of the first assignments I got years ago on The Journal was to go down to Portland and ask Thomas R. Reed a few questions about a matter on which it was thought he would be willing to talk.

I had heard so many yarns about Reed's gruffness with the gentle scribe that when I walked up his front steps in Portland I could better than ever before understand some of the trepidation of Jack the Giant Killer.

Mr. Reed came down into the reception room from up stairs some place. He had on a dressing gown that made him look like a robedist tied up on a frosty night in fall. He carried a book in his hands, the volume shut on a finger, and he was bemoaning. I was awfully surprised to see the radiance of the good nature on his face.

"Harr-dye do-o-o," says he. "Harr-dye sit down."

So I sat, and, inspired by the bland benignity of that round face, I unfolded my errands as they passed in review.

He listened placidly. When I had finished, a smile started from under his chin and spread itself over his features. There was no negative shake of his head. There was no frown of refusal. I could see that he was going to talk. I could feel that he was going to be good for a column at least. A part of his rosy glow diffused my being. I felt like sticking my thumb in the armpit of my waistcoat. Mr. Reed leaned forward confidentially.

"Frankly," said he with great heartiness, "frankly, my dear sir"—and he paused impressively and then repeated, "Frankly I must tell you that I will not state my opinions for the ear of the Lewiston Journal, for—and I think you will agree with me in this—the Lewiston Journal will go right off and tell somebody else, and that wouldn't be a nice thing to do."

And then he sat down and bemoaned at a greatly embarrassed young man.

But somehow I couldn't return even the dimmest reflection of the smile. I basked there a moment in the genial glow, and then I took my hand away from the doorknob on the outside of the big door.—Lewiston Journal.

#### Through Children's Eyes.

Elizabeth Harrison, in her "Study of Child Nature," says that children begin to learn the intellectual value of words as soon as they are familiar with them in their material relations. "Sweet," "sour," "strong," "crooked," as applied to character, mean something to them when they have investigated them first through the senses.

Occasionally they translate the new meaning rashly and make laughable mistakes. One morning we had hyacinth bulbs; we examined them and then compared them with the blossoming hyacinths on the window sill.

A day or two later an onion was brought to us by a child, as another fat, round flower baby for us to plant. I had some difficulty in making the children see the difference, but finally, cutting the onion open, I blinded their eyes and let them smell first the flower bulb and then the onion bulb. An hour or two later one of the little girls spoke in an irritated, petulant voice to her neighbor, who had accidentally knocked over her blocks.

"Look out," said the little one on the other side of her, "or you'll have an onion voice soon!"

#### The Force of Heredity.

A college professor in Maine tells how he convinced a friend who did not believe that beavers could build dams. He bought a baby beaver of a hunter and sent it to his skeptical friend.

The creature became a great pet in the house, but showed no signs of wanting to build a dam until one Monday morning a leaky full pull of water was put on the floor of the back kitchen. The beaver was there. He was only a baby, to be sure, but the moment he saw the water oozing out of a crack in the pull he scampered into the yard, brought in a chip and began his work.

His owner was called and watched the little fellow, very much astonished at what he saw. He gave orders to have the pull left where it was, and the industrious beaver kept at his work four weeks, when he had built a solid dam all around the pull.—Animal World.

#### Feminine Curiosity.

"Mr. Dilley, won't you let me look at your watch a little while?"

"Certainly, Miss Flypp. Do you want to consult the time?"

"No," replied the girl, as she opened it and examined its case and works. "I was curious to see if water tarnished gold or had any effect on the watch's delicate mechanism."

"Water? What do you mean?"

"Well, Mr. Dilley told me you were in the habit of soaking your watch. What is the object of such treatment, Mr. Dilley?"—Hartford Life.

#### Deceptive Appearances.

The One—Now, you wouldn't think that shabby old fellow coming across the street was worth \$1,000,000, would you?

The Other—No, I would not. I should say about \$100,000. He doesn't look poverty-stricken enough for a millionaire.—Indianapolis Press.

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### NEW WHITE HOUSE.

#### Provided For in Amendment to Sum- dry Civil Bill.

Washington, May 15.—A new White House, or the old White House enlarged and improved, is looked for as the result of an amendment offered in the Senate by Mr. McMillan of Michigan to the sundry civil bill. It provides for the appointment of an architect, a landscape architect and a sculptor to be associated with the chief of engineers in preparing a report to the next congress embodying not only a plan for the enlargement of the executive mansion, but for the treatment of the south side of Pennsylvania avenue according to a well considered plan for the embellishment of the entire south side section between the White House and the capitol. Further than that, it is to suggest a driveway between the Potowmack and Rock Creek park, taking in the Zoological garden.

This proposition overlooks entirely the suggestion for a new executive mansion on the brow of Columbia heights, and if a scheme of enlargement of the present White House is adopted it will be many years before it will be removed from its present location.

#### Philadelphia Cigar Makers Strike.

Philadelphia, May 15.—The strike in the cigar trade in other cities has spread to this city. About half of the 500 employees of Harburger, Homan & Co., which also has a factory in New York, have gone out on strike. The strikers, all of whom are girls, had out about 50 pickets to induce other girls not to go to work, and they were assisted by members of three local bodies of the International Cigar Makers' union, the grievance committee of whom is conducting the strike. The pickets became involved with the police, and as a result about a dozen persons, including a 17-year-old striker, were arrested and held in jail for court. The bookkeeper of the firm was also arrested, charged with assault and battery and pointing a pistol at a striker. The strikers want the same wages as paid in New York. They say that in the metropolis the employees get \$1 a thousand more for folding cigars than in this city.

Now that the enemy have been dislodged from the Biggarsberg they will have no choice but to fall back through Newcastle upon the enormously strong natural fastnesses of Laiing's neck and the Ingogo river region, which is dominated by Majuba Hill. No one believes, however, that an attempt will be made to attack the Boers at Laiing's neck by any other than a turning movement. It remains to be seen whether Sir Redvers will cross the Buffalo river by Landman's drift and attack the Vryheid on the way or will advance by way of Newcastle and Utrecht.

Opposition in the Orange Free State has almost ceased to count. It is reported at Cape Town that a proclamation annexing Steyn's republic to the British empire will be issued in the course of the present week.

#### Fate of Mafeking.

The last hours of the siege of Mafeking are likely to be enlivened by some exciting events. The latest advices are contained in a message received from The Daily Mail's correspondent at Lourenco Marques. One dated Monday says that news from Pretoria is scanty and misleading. The Boers are reported, however, to have attacked Mafeking on Saturday and managed, with the aid of artillery, to set the Katfir location on fire. Further fighting followed. The correspondent says that the relief column is clearly making progress. If the Boers succeeded in seriously affecting its movements, plenty of details would be at hand, whereas next to none have been received.

Information given in The Standard and Diggers' News of Saturday seems to indicate that Boers from Fourteen Streams have been outstripped by the relief column.

One dispatch from Christians, dated Wednesday, says the British were still advancing along the railway and were so busily repairing the bridge at Fourteen Streams. When the burghers arrived west of Taungs the British had already left the town, but were driven back by the burghers. Up to the present, the dispatch says, the enemy has made no advance on Christians.

Obviously the Boers are under a delusion that Hunter's force is advancing northward in conjunction with the Mafeking relief column. They do not seem to realize that General Hunter's force forms an integral part of the extreme left of the main army under Lord Roberts.

#### Trust Manager Arrested.

New Haven, May 15.—David C. Sanford, engineer of the Connecticut shellfish commission and who has been one of the active promoters of the proposed \$15,000,000 oyster syndicate, has been arrested in Stratford, charged with theft. He was later released on bonds of \$500 furnished by Marcus Smith of the firm of Smith Bros., oyster growers. The alleged theft took place May 26, 1898, when Sanford endorsed two checks amounting to \$170 that were made payable to the shellfish commission and used the money for private purposes. The checks were cashed by the Ansonia National bank, and the commission made a demand upon the bank for the money. The latter institution caused Sanford's arrest.

#### Fourth Class Postmasters.

Washington, May 15.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed:

New Jersey—South Seaville, Michael S. Wing.

New York—Buchanan Landing, Roxana Chapman; Kreischerville, J. D. Heitman, Jr.; Lake Ridge, Casper Fenner.

Pennsylvania—Bordentown, R. L. Amour; Cora, James Harris; Driftwood, J. F. Steckelher; Hockenduanqua, W. K. Derr; Richmond Hill, John Lauman; Sturgeon, J. T. Patterson; West Fairview, A. M. Smith; Willistown Inn, J. P. Moulder; Carolina, W. J. Tucker; Woodville, S. C. Eggleston.

#### Inheritance Tax Upheld.

Washington, May 15.—The supreme court of the United States has announced opinions in the cases arising under the inheritance tax provision of the war revenue act and also in a case involving the applicability of the inheritance tax law of New York to estates composed of government bonds. The court held that neither under the state nor the national enactment were national bonds exempt from taxation. The validity of the general federal law was affirmed, but it was held not to be purely applicable to legacies and not to the entire estates of deceased persons.

#### Officers Murdered Prisoners.

Brooksville, Fla., May 15

# SPIDER'S NIGHTCAP.

A CURIOUS PRODUCT OF INSECT LABOR IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM.

How the Fiji Islanders Obtain These Beautiful and Rare Specimens — The Abbe and His Ingenious Method of Constructing a Spider Silk Factory.

"What in the world does the Fiji islander do with such a large nightcap?" was a remark I overheard in the British museum in London. As soon as the speaker moved on I stepped forward to the glass case into which he had been looking, and there, sure enough, was a nightcap which for size might easily excite an examination of surprise from the most expectantly curious, for it was nearly four feet long.

What was more interesting to me, however, was the fact that this very curious nightcap had been woven by spiders, and naturally I began to wonder how these bright little creatures had got to work to weave it. That they had had any intention of making such an odd shaped object was too absurd to believe for a moment, but that this nightcap was composed of spider silk was apparent from its beautiful light gossamer texture.

I sought an explanation for it from one of the professors connected with the museum, who, while giving me the information I wanted, took the nightcap out of the case and handed it to me so that I could examine it closely. What first impressed me was the almost total absence of weight, for it hadn't any to speak of. Again, I was surprised at the thickness of the material, for whereas in the case it looked as though it had but very little body, now that I held it in my hands I saw that it was nearly an inch thick.

While gazing with admiration at the spiders' wondrous handiwork I learned from the professor how it was made. It appears that when the Fiji islander wants one of these nightcaps he makes a light framework of sticks and places it in a very dark corner where he knows there are plenty of spiders. This is actually all that the native does toward making his nightcap and leaves the rest to the spiders, being quite sure that through their industrious efforts the spinning will be done for him. The tropical spiders are much more lavish of their beautiful silk than our northern species, so that when the native's rude framework is placed in their midst they at once set to work to cover up the sticks with silk of lightest gold, nor do they cease working until the framework is completely hidden. Not even then do they stop if there are still other places in which to spin their webs. To spin is their natural industry, and no matter what comes in their way they work it over in silk as they do the native's framework.

How long it takes the spiders to make one of these nightcaps the professor could not tell me, neither could he tell me just how the framework was made, although he thought it probably consisted of three light sticks. We turned the cap almost inside out in an endeavor to find some part of the framework, but not a particle was to be seen. In color it was of a rather dirty white, but I think this was due to its many travels. Like the speaker who first attracted my attention to this nightcap, I wondered what the Fiji islander did with it. However, the professor had no information to give on this point.

Very little is known about this cap beyond the fact that it was made by spiders, and that it was presented to the museum by that well known traveler and writer, Miss Gordon Cumming.

To find a means of using spider silk for manufacturing purposes has long been an object of interest to many scientific men. The almost innumerable difficulties they have met with, however, have so far proved insurmountable. In the first place, it was found impossible to procure enough natural insect food to feed the vast multitude of spiders which would be required to furnish the silk. Eventually this barrier was overcome and in chopped worms was found a diet which spiders thrived upon. The natural combative ness of the members of the spider family is another serious difficulty, for they cannot be trusted near one another without fighting. Numerous experiments that have been made in trying to keep large numbers of spiders together have resulted in continual warfare among these savage little creatures, in which great numbers were slain and eaten by the stronger members of the community.

A great deal of ingenuity has been exhibited by scientists in their efforts to discover a method of getting the silk directly from the living spider and not from the cocoons. As far back as 1762 the Abbe Raymond de Terneyer labored industriously in this direction and to a certain extent met with considerable success. He invented an odd looking contrivance which held the spider family in place on a little stand. In appearance it reminds one of the old stocks of Puritan days, for the spider's head and legs protruded through one side, giving it the appearance of a diabolical culprit undergoing severe punishment for some offense.

The spider was placed in this position, which did not hurt it in the least, so that its legs could not interfere with the thread while it was being drawn away from its body. Just back of the spider the abbe placed a little reel on which to reel the silk. The most ingenious conception of the whole idea occurred when the abbe wished to begin reeling. The spider was securely fixed in the stocks, as it were, but a way had to be thought out to how to induce the spider to spin its thread. The abbe hit upon an idea as simple as it was ingenious. It consisted merely of giving the captive spider a fly, which the creature quickly seized with its feet and jaws.

As the spider in its natural haunts was used to immediately open its spinners and throw out threads just as soon as it captured an insect, so now, on being fed a fly, the spider unconsciously threw out threads as if to swathe the fly. The ends of these threads were then quickly fastened to the reel by the quick witted abbe. This was then slowly turned and the silk wound off with the silkworm's cocoon.

From time to time we read of various articles which have been made from spider silk. A royal garment of this material was woven for Queen Victoria by some of her loyal subjects in her worldwide empire, and there is a number of other instances which I cannot now recall. —New York Ledger.

## Sure to Be Appreciated.

"Your mother reads a great deal," replied Maud.

"Yes," replied Maud. "She's reading about the 'Descent of Man' now."

"I wish you would get her to lend me the book when she gets through with it."

"Why, you wouldn't be interested in the subject."

"Yes, I would. If there is anything I dearly love it's tobogganing or shooting the shoots." —Minneapolis Tribune.

## INDIAN JUSTICE.

How Some Penobscot Indians Fitted the Punishment to the Crime.

"According to the books that I studied when a boy," began an oldish man at the club the other night, "the Indians looked down on their wives and made them simple beasts of burden. That may have been so in some places, but it wasn't always so or so everywhere.

"A good many years ago there were some Penobscot Indians near my people's place in New Hampshire who evidently thought a good deal of their squaws and made one of the bucks appreciate the fact that his wife was not a beast of burden. This buck's wife was on what we now call a bar and got drunk—drank too much, I suppose—and cheepie (devil) got in him." When he came home, he was in a bad humor, and finding his wife in his way she started her feet in the fire and burned them off.

"The other Indians discovered this very promptly and tried him by a very summary process. The general opinion was that he should be executed at once, but one of the elder bucks interposed and gave this advice: 'No shore line. Make him live long as squaw live. If he carry squaw when he want walk. When squaw die him by, then we shore.'

"This advice appealed to the other men, and they decided to punish the buck as the old chief suggested. So the buck carried his wife along on his back whenever the tribe moved, whenever she wanted to go any place. So far as I learned, she did not hesitate about moving around. Of course the buck had to carry her, but the beauty of the arrangement was that he didn't dare to ill treat her, much less to kill her, because his life depended on hers. If she died, he knew the tribe would kill him.

"I don't know how long this punishment lasted, who died first, or if after her death he was pardoned or executed. If those Indians didn't make the punishment fit the crime, I don't know who did. Not 'Gliber's 'Mikado,' at any rate." —New York Sun.

## BUSINESS LETTERS.

What to Do When You Write One That You Think Is Smart.

Never write a letter that leaves a sting. There is a great temptation to say smart things in a letter. They sound so nice to you when your typewritten leaves the completed letter on your desk.

But how do they sound to the other fellow? All the smartness has oozed off before the missive has reached him. Only they cease working until the framework is completely hidden. Not even then do they stop if there are still other places in which to spin their webs. To spin is their natural industry, and no matter what comes in their way they work it over in silk as they do the native's framework.

While gazing with admiration at the spiders' wondrous handiwork I learned from the professor how it was made. It appears that when the Fiji islander wants one of these nightcaps he makes a light framework of sticks and places it in a very dark corner where he knows there are plenty of spiders. This is actually all that the native does toward making his nightcap and leaves the rest to the spiders, being quite sure that through their industrious efforts the spinning will be done for him. The tropical spiders are much more lavish of their beautiful silk than our northern species, so that when the native's rude framework is placed in their midst they at once set to work to cover up the sticks with silk of lightest gold, nor do they cease working until the framework is completely hidden. Not even then do they stop if there are still other places in which to spin their webs. To spin is their natural industry, and no matter what comes in their way they work it over in silk as they do the native's framework.

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## THE HERALD.

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1900.

Chicago boasts that she spent \$18,000  
in entertaining Admiral Dewey, but she  
misstates the case. She spent the money  
in entertaining herself.

There is many a statesman whom the  
people never appreciate at his true  
worth until he goes into executive  
session with himself and stays  
there a month or two.

Swarms of locusts have appeared in  
Kansas. The country, therefore, need  
not be surprised to hear that the Jerry  
Simpson boom for United States senator  
has been eaten full of holes.

They do say that the man appointed to  
select the punch bowl that St. Louis presented  
to Admiral Dewey didn't know  
much about such things and chose a  
nice big pickle dish by mistake.

Mr. Bryan is still offering to pay 520  
per cent. interest to all who will place  
their confidence in his candidacy. And  
in spite of the downfall of other specu-  
lators of the same breed, he is finding  
quite a number of dupes.

Kansas had only \$14,553,533 of de-  
posits on December 19, 1896, in its banks.  
But on June 30, 1898, the deposits ag-  
gregated \$38,505,101. More than  
doubled since the days of Jerry Simp-  
son and the Wilson tariff?

President Hadley, of Yale, has not yet  
made a practical test of his great scheme  
to pulverize the trusts by boycotting  
their managers. Either his boycotting  
apparatus is out of gear or the trust  
magnates rudely decline to give him a  
chance to use it.

On second thought the sultan of Turkey  
concludes that instead of paying that \$100,000 of indemnity to the United  
States he can use the money to better  
advantage in repairing a few of his rusty  
old warships. In other words, Turkey  
politely invites Uncle Sam to go pursue  
himself.

Mr. Clark, of Montana, is steadily ris-  
ing in fame, as the most conspicuous  
beneficiary of senatorial courtesy that  
Washington has ever known. The ten-  
derness with which he has been treated,  
in spite of a unanimous report in favor  
of his expulsion, is at once pathetic and  
mysterious.

Senator Chandler's effort to reform the  
"Congressional Record" by excluding from its columns all matter save re-  
ports of speeches actually delivered is a  
literary movement of the right sort. He  
evidently believes that the "Record"  
should simply record, rather than serve  
as a dump for the unuttered plaudices of great men.

By the way of London comes the an-  
nouncement of a government reform in  
Russia that will receive the applause of  
the civilized world. The imperial coun-  
cil, it is said, has abolished transportation  
to Siberia and arbitrary exile without  
judicial inquiry—and by judicial in-  
quiry we are bound to assume, in this  
case, that public trial or trial of public  
record is meant.

With a great cotton millers' conven-  
tion just adjourned in South Carolina,  
with a big cotton planters' convention in  
session in Georgia, and with the  
Southern Industrial convention to meet in  
Tennessee tomorrow, the country may  
properly mark up three very important  
McKinley meetings,—no matter what  
may be the nominal politics of delegates  
to any one of them.

Bryan controls the machinery of the  
democracy. He is the self-ordained and  
fore-ordained nominee of the democracy  
for the presidency. He has selected and  
proclaimed the three issues upon which  
he seeks to concentrate popular atten-  
tion. They are anti-imperialism—a dis-  
guised assault upon national expansion;  
anti-trust—a plot of assassination in

place of a plan of discrimination; and  
free silver. The country rings with the  
challenge, and with republican accept-  
ance of it.

The apparently obsolete Jerry Simp-  
son, of Medicine Lodge, Kan.-a, whose  
recent pursuit of politics proved bootless  
if not sockless, lifts his head above the  
waving cornfields of his beloved state to  
announce that the democratic party will  
eventually swallow the populists. He  
may be a true prophet, but it must be  
confessed that, up to date, the populists  
have done most of the swallowing.

Secretary Dick of the republican na-  
tional committee, has compiled some sta-  
tistics of financial conditions in the west  
which are calculated to make the exclam-  
ing howlers gasp in amazement. To ill-  
ustrate the prosperous conditions which  
have followed as a logical result of a  
republican administration at Wash-  
ington he groups the four states of Colorado,  
Idaho, Wyoming and Montana, and  
points out that their gross bank deposits  
have increased from \$15,600,217 in 1891  
to \$43,330,777 in 1899. Take Colorado  
separately. Her bank deposits now  
amount to \$20,058,377, as against \$9,377,  
733 in 1891, the number of depositors in-  
creasing from 18,532 to 30,047 in the  
same time. In view of these remarkable  
figures, is it any wonder that Colorado is  
rapidly recovering from the silver  
lunacy and preparing to resume her  
proper place in the republican column?  
Bank deposits in Montana have more  
than doubled in six years, while in Wy-  
oming they have trebled. The people of  
Montana, numbering only 260,000, have  
\$8,760,823 in bank, and each bank ac-  
count has an average of \$712 to its credit.  
These four states are flourishing as  
never before. Their condition speaks in  
the voice of prosperity and their utter-  
ance is an eloquent testimony to the  
wisdom and force of republican states-  
manship.

### NAVAL ORDERS.

Passed Assistant Paymaster H. L.  
Robins, to duty on the Independence.

Paymaster L. C. Korr, detached, from  
the Independence on reporting of relief  
and to duty on the Iowa.

Paymaster J. A. Ring, detached from  
the Iowa, to home and wait orders.

Passed Assistant Paymaster G. G.  
Seibelle, to duty at the naval station,  
Port Royal, S. C.

Paymaster S. McGowan, detached  
from the naval station, Port Royal, S. C.,  
to home and be ready for orders to the  
Alabama.

Impossible to foresee an accident.  
Not impossible to be prepared for it.  
Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—Monarch  
over pain.

### CODY COMES IN PERSON.

As Colonel Cody's place has always  
been at the front and he was never  
known to loiter at the rear, the public  
may absently rely on always seeing  
him at each and every performance of  
the Wild West and Congress of Rough  
riders of the world, personally partic-  
ipating in and directing it as a whole,  
and superintending every one of its  
picturesque, stirring and unique martial,  
historical, equestrian and nomadic pro-  
ductions. He will be here on June 7,  
next.

The reappointment of Hon. John D.  
Lyman of Exeter as a member of the state  
board of agriculture by the governor and  
council at their last meeting, insures  
that gentleman, if he lives, a longer ser-  
vice upon the board, altogether, than  
any other person has had, with the ex-  
ception of the honorable ex-president  
Hon. Moses Humphrey.

Senator Chandler's effort to reform the  
"Congressional Record" by exclud-  
ing from its columns all matter save re-  
ports of speeches actually delivered is a  
literary movement of the right sort. He  
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proclaimed the three issues upon which  
he seeks to concentrate popular atten-  
tion. They are anti-imperialism—a dis-  
guised assault upon national expansion;  
anti-trust—a plot of assassination in

## ABOUT MAFEKING.

### A Report From Pretoria That It Is Taken.

### Contradictory Rumor Says Baden- Powell Captured Many Boers.

### All Was Well In The Town On May Seventh.

LONDON, May 15.—"Food enough to  
last until May tenth," is the latest re-  
port from Mafeking, received by Lord  
Roberts from Col. Baden Powell under  
date of May 7th. Five days later the  
Boers attempted to storm the place. It  
is possible that they succeeded, al-  
though nothing is known concerning the  
result of the attack, except from  
Pretoria sources. The British relief  
column is due at Mafeking now.

### Has Mafeking Fallen?

LORENZO MARQUES, May 15.—Tele-  
grams received here report very heavy  
fighting at Mafeking. Pretoria reports  
that Mafeking has fallen, and the Neth-  
erlands Railroad company has issued a  
statement that Colonel Baden Powell  
has captured a large force of Boers. A  
war bulletin posted at Pretoria on May  
12th announces that the British were  
then advancing to the relief of Mafe-  
king.

### Conditions At Mafeking.

LONDON, May 15.—The war office has  
received the following message from  
Lord Roberts, dated at Kroonstad:  
"Baden Powell reports, under date of  
May 7th, 'all going well. Fever is de-  
creasing. The garrison is cheerful and  
food will last till about June 15th.'"

### Mafeking Bill Of Fare.

LONDON, May 15.—Lady Sarah Wil-  
son has wired to her sister from Mafe-  
king, under date of May 3d, saying:  
"Our breakfast consisted of horse  
sausages, and our lunch of minced mule  
and curried locusts. All well."

### ARREST MAY FOLLOW.

SOUTH BERWICK, ME., May 15.—Mat-  
ters are at a standstill in the Sprague  
case on account of County Attorney  
Matthews being obliged to be present at  
the supreme judicial court in Alfred,  
where he has a number of cases to  
present before the court. Deputy Sheriff  
Miles will return here Wednesday  
and at once take up the case, where he  
left it yesterday afternoon and despite  
the fact that he stated in Saco on Mon-  
day evening that "no person will be ar-  
rested this week for the murder of  
Fannie Sprague," it is known here that  
the town authorities secure the few minor points of evidence necessary  
to clinch the case an immediate arrest  
will follow.

### JACK MASON MARRIED.

NEW YORK, May 15.—It is reported in  
theatrical circles here that John Mason,  
leading man with one of Daniel Froh-  
man's companies, was quietly married  
in Boston on Monday night to Miss  
Katherine Gray, formerly an actress in  
Richard Mansfield's company. Mr. and  
Mrs. Mason are said to be at the West-  
minster hotel in Boston at present.

### BASE BALL.

The following is the result of the  
games played in the National league  
yesterday:

Pittsburg 7, Boston 5; at Pittsburg.  
St. Louis 2, Brooklyn 5; at St. Louis.  
Chicago 10, New York 8; at Chicago.  
Cincinnati 4, Philadelphia 4, called  
in the fourteenth inning on account of  
darkness; at Cincinnati.

### DIED IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, May 15.—Sheldon H. Bar-  
rett, widely known throughout the  
country as the general agent for the  
Forepaugh and Sells Brothers shows,  
died at the United States hotel here to-  
night of pneumonia. His body will be  
taken to his late home at Columbus,  
Ohio.

### BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE.

Was the result of his splendid health  
Indomitable will and tremendous energy  
are not found where Stomach, Liver,  
Kidneys and Bowels are out of order.  
If you want those qualities and the  
strength they bring, use Dr. King's New  
Life Pills. They develop every power  
of brain and body. Only 26 cts. a  
Globe Grocery Co.



### A MODERN SOLOMON.

The Dog Is an Arabian Family Made to  
Tell the Truth.

A recent French judgment may be cited  
as an illustration of Arab manners and  
Galic astuteness. An Arab was traveling  
through the interior with his wife. He  
was on donkey back, and she was afoot.  
By came a rich Arab on horseback and  
offered her a lift behind him. She accepted  
and presently, in the course of the jour-  
ney, confided that she was unhappily mar-  
ried. Her companion proposed a plan by  
which she might slope with him and she  
agreed to it readily. Accordingly when  
they came to a branch road they increased  
their pace and paid no heed to the pro-  
tests of the husband, who was soon left  
behind. He succeeded in tracking them  
to the horseman's village, only to find that  
precautions had been taken against his ar-  
rival, for all asserted that they had known  
the horseman pair for many years as man  
and wife and that the real husband must  
be an impudent impostor.

The unfortunate man had recourse to  
the French, who were at first puzzled how  
to act in the face of a village's unanimous  
testimony. At last a happy thought oc-  
curred to the judge. He placed the real  
husband's dog in one room and those of  
the other man in another and confronted  
the woman with both. Arab dogs are  
very faithful to their own households and  
very fierce toward all strangers, so, though  
she did her utmost to irritate her own  
dogs, they could not be restrained from  
fawning on her, and, though she lavished  
every blandishment toward the dogs of her  
new home they barked and showed  
their teeth with ever increasing fury. The  
judge thereupon ordered her to be given  
back to her husband, and he placarded the  
village with the following notice, "The  
testimony of one dog is here more  
to be believed than that of ten Arabs."  
As a dog is one of the Arab's worst terms  
of opprobrium, this notice was deemed a  
worse punishment than fines or imprison-  
ment. —London Post.

**Sawyer's Wonderful Memory.**  
The late Senator Philetus Sawyer of  
Wisconsin seldom wrote a letter because he  
was sensitive about his weakness in  
spelling and dictated nearly everything to  
a stenographer. But he had a marvelous  
eye and memory for figures. When he  
was chairman of the committee on com-  
merce of the house of representatives and  
made up the river and harbor bill, he  
could tell to a copper the appropriations  
that had been made each year for any  
number of years for any public improve-  
ment in that line. His memory was as  
accurate as the books of the treasury.—  
Chicago Record.

### A Bird In the Hand.

"Mr. Heavy weight," said the minister,  
"is willing to subscribe \$10,000 for a new  
church provided we can get other sub-  
scriptions making up the same amount."

"Yet you seem disappointed," said his  
wife.

"Oh, yes," she replied, "General How-  
ard! We all know 'bout him. He's our  
Moses. He's takin' care of us."

"The other tables were occupied by un-  
important young officers, who, not know-  
ing General Howard or not standing in  
awe of his strong religious views, began  
to curse the waiters violently and abused  
them for not waiting on them more  
promptly.

"The outcome of it all was that the un-  
important young officers were waited upon  
and got their dinners at once. General  
Howard did not fare well at all, and after  
waiting a full hour left the dining room  
as hungry as when he entered it.

"In great indignation the United States  
senator who accompanied the general  
strode up to a group of waiters and thun-  
dered:

"What do you mean by treating Gen-  
eral Howard so?"

"Why, boss," was the reply, "don't  
other gemmies give us a dollar apiece before  
dinner commenced?"—Boston Herald.

### ANCIENT LITERATURE.

How Some of It Was Fortunately Saved  
From Destruction.

Considering that the whole of ancient  
literature was confined to manuscript, it  
is wonderful that so much of it has come  
down to us. The preservation of some old  
writings has been almost miraculous. To  
a single copy preserved in a monastery of  
Westphalia, for instance, do we owe all  
that we have of Tacitus. This is the more  
remarkable since the emperor of that  
name had copies of the works of his dis-  
tinguished ancestor placed in all the im-  
perial libraries and caused ten copies of  
them to be transcribed yearly. Still, only  
one copy has been found in modern  
times.

A page of the second decade of Livy, we  
are told, was discovered by a man of let-  
ters on a battlefield while he was amusing  
himself in the country. He rushed up to  
town, but he was too late, for the battle-  
door maker "had used up all his parchment  
the week before." Two manuscripts of  
Cicero on "Gloria" were presented to  
Petrarch, who lent them to an old precep-  
tor. This latter gentleman, being pressed  
by want, pawned them and died without  
revealing the name of the pawnbroker.  
Two centuries afterward they were men-  
tioned in a catalogue of books bequeathed  
to a convent, but could not be found. It  
is supposed that Petrus Aleyanus, the  
physician to the institution, appropriated  
them, and having transposed some of the  
thoughts to his own writings destroyed  
the originals.

The original Magna Charta of England,  
preserved in the Cottonian library, has<br

# THE NAVAL BILL PASSED

Senate Accepts the Committee Proposition.

PROVIDES FOR ARMOR FACTORY.

If Plate Cannot Be Bought For \$145 a Ton, the Government Is to Erect a Plant-House Passes Urgent Decision Bill.

Washington, May 15.—The senate has passed the naval appropriation bill. Practically four days were devoted to the consideration of the armor plate proposition, which was agreed to finally as reported by the committee, with the exception that the secretary of the navy is authorized to make contracts only for such armor as may be needed from time to time.

The secretary of the navy is authorized to procure armor of the best quality at \$415 per ton, but if he be unable to obtain it at that price he is then authorized to pay \$345 per ton for the armor for the battleships Maine, Ohio and Missouri and proceed to erect an armor factory to cost not to exceed \$4,000,000, one-half of which amount is made immediately available. The committee's proposition carried by a vote of 32 to 19.

The secretary of the navy is directed to purchase five Holland torpedo boats at a price not exceeding \$170,000 each. The Gutmann gun amendment to the house bill was withdrawn by the committee the navy department having declared against it.

## Canal Bill Reported.

Senator Morgan, chairman of the senate interoceanic canal committee, reported the Nicaragua canal bill to the senate without amendment. Only five members of the committee were present at the meeting yesterday morning, and the motion to report the bill was adopted by a vote of four to one—Messrs. Morgan, McBride, Harris and Turner against Hanna. Senator Morgan will try to secure a vote on the bill before the final adjournment, but it is not at all probable he will be able to do so, as the Republican managers are determined to put it over until next session on the ground that it is better to await the report of the Walker commission before committing the government finally to the Nicaragua route in preference to the Panama route.

Just before adjournment Mr. Nelson of Minnesota called up the "free homes" bill, and it was passed without a word of debate.

The house passed the general deficiency appropriation bill and the Military academy bill. The deficiency bill carried \$3,839,021 and was passed substantially without amendment. The general debate was devoted principally to political topics, the feature being a severe arraignment of the administration by Mr. De Armond of Missouri.

## Opened Grave to Find Will.

Middletown, N. Y., May 15.—There is much excitement in the little village of Florida, this county, owing to the extreme measures resorted to by relatives of the late Miss Lydia Miller to discover her missing will. Miss Miller, who was eccentric, died three weeks ago. She had property, including the house where she died. The only heirs to her estate are two brothers and two sisters—James, John, Mrs. Coe and Mrs. Gable—who have been unsuccessful in discovering any will. Finally as a last resort, it is said, a clairvoyant was consulted as to the whereabouts of the coveted document. The startling intelligence imparted by the seventh daughter who had been born with a veil over her face was that the will had been buried in the coffin with the body. James, accompanied by his son Curtis, went to the grave of Miss Miller, had the body exhumed and searched in the coffin for the will, but it could not be found.

## A Bloodthirsty Tennessean.

Dyersburg, Tenn., May 15.—L. D. McAllister, a wealthy citizen of Heloise, last night shot and instantly killed his wife and after an ineffectual attempt to slay his wife's brother blew out his own brains. About two years ago McAllister charged his wife with having improper relations with one Love. Later he killed Love and after a trial was acquitted. Lately McAllister had made further charges against his wife, and they had separated. Last night he called upon her and insisted that she confess her alleged wrongdoing. The woman denied his charges, whereupon McAllister killed her. Her brother saved himself by a hasty retreat. McAllister was a wealthy and popular man. He was the owner of ferries plying between Heloise and Cottonwood and also of the steam ferryboats between Booths Point and Cartersville.

## Strike Situation In Buffalo.

Buffalo, May 15.—There has been no change in the railway freight handlers' strike. Covert threats have been made by the leaders that if a settlement is not soon effected the strike will be extended to houses in other cities. The men do not appear to understand the conditions of an interview as stated by Commissioner Delehanty of New York, but are under an impression that an interview could not be secured on any terms. In the strike of the lake freight handlers Secretary Barker of the International Longshoremen's association has sent out circulars to locals of the association at other points instructing members to be prepared to assist the laborers.

## Vesuvius Again Active.

Rome, May 15.—Mount Vesuvius is again in a state of eruption, and spectators are forbidden to approach within a certain distance. Signor Matteucci, professor of geology in the University of Naples, who is devoting himself to a study of volcanic action, had a narrow escape. He had received a special permit to approach the crater and was bruised and burned by a shower of incandescent stones.

## Striking Miners Resume Work.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 15.—In accordance with an agreement reached Saturday the miners of the Buttonwood colliery of the Parish Coal company who went out on strike last Monday and later participated in a strike not have returned to work. All departments of the mine are in operation, and all the old hands are at work.

## Indian Mob Attacks Police.

Bombay, May 15.—While the police were searching at Vizagapatam, capital of the district of the same name in the presidency of Madras, for the murderers of two constables they were attacked by a mob. They fled upon their assailants, killing 11 and wounding 10 others.

## CUTTING ICE.

Cakes Pass Through Many Hands Before They Are Delivered.

The cutting of the ice on a pond is an interesting process, and the equipment is peculiar and varied. All the fall and winter, until the harvest is closed, men and horses after every snow-storm scrape the ice to the glare with snow scrapers. When the cutting begins, a horse draws a marker across that portion of the pond immediately to be cut, leaving a light straight incision along the surface. This is repeated until the surface is all marked off one way, each line being 24 inches apart. Then the grooves goes over the same course, making the incision deeper and broader.

The process is repeated, except that this time the mark goes at right angles to the lines drawn first, and at a distance of 36 inches apart. Then the course is gone over by the plows, until the lines each way are cut to a depth of nine inches. The ice goes over for the last time ready for the "canal."

After the last passage of the plow which makes the narrow groove a few quick, well directed blows from an ice cleaver in the hands of a skilled cutter, and a large "boat" containing 100 or more of the ordinary 24 by 36 cakes is broken from the field. Ready men with picks on the end of long poles push it through the open water to the vicinity of the elevator. The "canal" of course is longer the farther away from the elevator the men are cutting. The course must be kept open, and should it freeze during the night the new ice must be broken.

The first men who receive the float at the elevator break it with their chisels lengthwise, and the smaller piece is sent under the plank bridge, where the cross sections are broken off. Each cake is then at hand ready for its upward journey. The "feeder" drives it with his pike to the proper position, when it is caught by a section of the endless chain, and up, up, up, it glides. The feeder must be careful and quick of eye to see that every piece of the 40 each minute that passes through his hands is whole, or the right size and gets its correct position upon the chain. A cake askew might wreck the whole elevator.

As an additional precaution way up at the top of the tower is stationed the "clutch," who watches the cakes not only before they arrive at the planer, but after they have started down the galleries, to see that no obstruction is encountered. Should a hitch occur electric bells with buttons at convenient distances give him and the other men the alarm. Of all he is the one to stop the danger. In his place of duty there is a clutch with which he can throw off the belt, and without stopping the engine the motion of the chain stops at once.

But the cake has almost completed its journey up the elevator. Before being stored away the thin snow on its surface which has escaped the planer when still in the lake must be got rid of. Every cake before it goes into the storeroom has between two and three inches grooved from its surface. A machine also grooves the planed surface with deep creases backward and forward to prevent freezing together when finally packed away in the rooms.

The "planer man" has his hands full and after leaving him a break in the elevator run sends it flying along the house galleries to the room where it is to be stored away. Practiced men with picks bury it on its way, each room has its turn, and tier after tier is piled up until the ice can be more conveniently handled should the ice enter the room at a higher point.

The break in the runway closed, it only remains to open another on a level with the next gallery to fill the room from that point, where the cakes remain until wanted. —Nashua Telegraph.

## AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF AN OYSTER.

"Blue Point" Gives the Public a Few Facts Regarding Himself.

An enterprising oyster house on Fulton street had printed on blotter paper the following:

"I am born without jaws or teeth, but I've got fine muscles, liver and a heart. In each year of my life I produce 1,200,000 eggs. Each of my children is one hundred-and-twentieth of an inch in length, so 2,000,000 little ones can be crowded into a space of one cubic inch. I am ready for the table in from one to five years after birth. You will never find me in cold parts of the world. I dislike cold. In Ceylon I sometimes grow to a foot in length. One of me there makes a stew, when I am half a foot broad. I am not of much account in England, unless I am imported from America. It makes me very sad to think of getting up on the Strand—1, who was discussed by Theobald and Julius. I have been the cause of much falsehood. Men fight fierce battles for me all along the American coast, the Italian and the coast of Kent and Essex.

"If you eat me raw, you are not at all likely to regret it, for I am, in a raw state, very nutritious and easily digested. As a fry, I am inclined to be uninteresting. The law expressly forbids the lighting or melting of gold and silver coins, but does not mention any other coins. The section of the United States revised statutes which covers this point says: 'Every person who fraudulently, by any way, art or means, defaces, mutilates, impairs, diminishes, falsifies scales or lightens the gold or silver coins which have been made or hereafter shall be made at the mints of the United States, shall be imprisoned not more than two years and fined not more than \$2,000.'

"Not a word about pennies or nickels, so the individual who gets by mistake a handful of plugged or battered nickels and pennies in his pocket need feel no pricklings of conscience when he in turn tries to pass them. They are lawful tender and, more than that, the shopkeeper who exposes wares for sale is compelled by law to accept them. If he is cautious about it, he can quickly be brought to reason by quoting law on the subject.—New York News.

## A Fortune For a Single Flower.

The purchasing power of money in the seventeenth century is shown by an article in The Ladies' Home Journal on the tulip craze in Holland, which reached its height about 1634. At a sale of bulbs about that date a single one of the Viceroy variety was purchased by delivering to the seller 200 bushels of wheat, 400 bushels of rye, 4 fat pigs 8 feet oxen, 12 fat sheep, 2 bigheads of wine, 2 barrels of beer, 500 pounds of butter, a headstall with pillows, mattresses, blankets, etc., 1,000 pounds of cheese, a suit of clothes and a silver goblet. The money value of the bulb was \$1,000, but as the purchaser did not have the cash the seller was willing to accept its equivalent in the form just recited notwithstanding that it was somewhat bulky and diversified.

## Wide Awake.

Fiddle—You know Stocks, don't you? Doctor—Yes, indeed. He is now a patient of mine.

Fiddle—Pretty wide awake man, isn't he?

Doctor—I should say so. I am treating him for lunacy.—*New York Sun.*

## WORN SILVER COINS.

THEY DO NOT SUFFER ANY LOSS OF VALUE BY ABRASION.

NO MATTER HOW SMOOTH THEY BE, SO LONG AS THEY SHOW THEY ARE GENERAL AND THE DENOMINATION CAN BE ASCERTAINED THEY ARE LEGAL TENDER.

AS everybody is frequently possessed of "slick" or smooth dimes or nickels, and often of these coins might be the last in his possession, awkward results might follow; so it is wise to learn if the common carriers have any legal right to refuse such coins. Most people have had them refused at one time or another and have never questioned the right of the person to whom they were tendered to reject them.

But no one has any legal right to reject such coins. The law of the land strictly defines what coins are to be rejected and the reasons for their rejection, and the nickel and dime are not included. This is the law on the matter reduced to ordinary language: So long as the coin—whether it is a dime, a quarter, half dollar, dollar or a nickel or cent—is distinguishable as a genuine United States coin and its denomination can be ascertained, it is a legal tender.

One day sullen faced men heavily armed came to his dark dungeon and told him he must follow them. He knew that this meant the guillotine. He stepped bravely out to meet his fate, determined to die like an English gentleman and a brave man. And he did.

A strange fancy took possession of him just before they led him to the block. He touched the spring of his little ring and lovingly held it to his ear. It sang its little tune merrily and briskly.

Then the signal came. He laid his head on the guillotine which a few hours before had known the lifeblood of a queen.

In the course of time the little ring found its way back to the Temple family, but it was silent. Its present owner took it to a London jeweler, who found in the musical mechanism a clot of blood that for years had lain there and impeded the working of the machinery.

This was removed, and the little ring sings again the same little tune that beguiled the many sad hours of its former owner.

## A REMARKABLE RING.

IT CONTAINS A TINY MUSIC BOX AND HAS A FASCINATING HISTORY.

The most charming little ring in the world is the property of Mr. Temple of London. This gentleman is a nephew of the celebrated Sir Richard Temple, and the ring in question is a highly prized old family heirloom. Its history is pathetic and romantic in the extreme.

Ashanti, in western Africa, embraces about 70,000 English square miles in area, and its population has been variously estimated from 1,000,000 to 3,000,000. The country proper is one continuous forest, and this is traversed by narrow, winding paths which are broad enough for pedestrians and chair and burden carriers, but not for vehicles. Despite the dense woods there is a remarkable absence of animal life, and men who have penetrated into the deepest parts of the woods have wondered at the absence of bird and beast. When the land has been cultivated, it has been found extremely fertile and productive of large crops of grain, vegetables, yams and fruits. Gold is also found in large quantities, and the principal exports are gold dust and palm oil.

For many years it was one of the greatest slave shipping points. Twenty-five forts were built upon the coast in the course of as many years, and in these the European merchants carried on their slave trade.

In this barbaric country polygamy ran riot to the extent that a king's regular allowance of wives was 3,333, and the custom of human sacrifice was so well established that a ruler could have his subjects or prisoners killed for no reason further than that he wished it done. The system of human sacrifice was founded to some extent on the idea of piety toward parents and superiors. It is the popular belief that one's standing in the next world depends on the number of attendants sent after him. Several times every year the king visited the places where his predecessors were kept. These were not walled, but they sat in state, their bones held together by links of precious metal. There the prisoners of war were brought before the king and executed in ways to suit his fancy.

Dr. Hallcock's Electric Pills especially cure Heart Diseases, the symptoms of which the following are the leading:

Sick and Nervous Headache, Loss of Appetite, Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Hysteria, Loss and Feeble Conditions, Chorea, St. Vitus' Disease, Drunkenness, Morphine Habit, Paralysis, Nervous Prostration, Spinal Weakness, Pain in Back and Limbs, Female Weakness and Disorders, Mouth-ly Pains, Depression, Melancholy, Loss of Spirit, Giddy Freadings, General Weakness and Nervousness, Premature Old Age.

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## Summer Corsets,

39, 50, 75c. and \$1.00.

## Fabric Glove,

Lisle Thread and Silk,  
25, 50 and 75 Cents.

## LEWIS E. STAPLES,

7 Market Street.

Yes It's Stronger

## Eagle

QUAD-STAY.

Sprockets always  
in line.

Road Racer, \$50;  
Track Racer, \$60.

The lightest and easiest running bicycle in the world. Come and trade in your old wheel.

## PHILBRICK'S

## BICYCLE STORE,

21 Fleet Street, Portsmouth.



## SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER

now, and we have the finest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our prices for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

**J. H. Gardiner**  
0 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

## OCEAN

AND

## RIVER -PROPERTIES-

For Sale or Rent

AT

## TOBEY'S

Real Estate Agency,  
32 Congress Street.

## S. G.

BEST 10c. CIGAR  
In The Market.

S. GRYZMISH, MFG.  
Pure Havana.

## THE HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1900.

### CITY BRIEFS

Perfect weather.

Now watch things grow.

The law is off straw hats.

Whit Sunday comes June 3.

No police court this morning.

The moon changed on Monday.

The police were paid off on Tuesday.

Two weeks from today is Memorial day.

The change of the moon did the business.

The fragrant apple blossoms are in evidence.

A Farmington man was brought to the Cottage hospital on Tuesday.

The exterior of the chapel of the Mid-street church is to be painted.

Three new members have been voted into the Portsmouth Athletic club.

A lot of baggage goes over the York Harbor & Beach railroad daily now.

Bandmaster Reinewald is getting names of band men for the naval band.

Conner, photographer studio, (formerly Nickerson's), No. 1 Congress street.

Ira Newick has been engaged to pitch for the Somersworth base ball team this season.

Forty hours' devotion ended on Tuesday forenoon at the Catholic church.

The Epworth League of the Methodist church will give a social to its members soon.

The sale of tickets for the U. R. K. of attraction at Music hall indicates a crowded house.

WANTED—Competent table girls. Apply at the Woman's Exchange employment office, 52 State street.

Rubber heels become very popular and John G. Mott is fitting out the local public with an excellent article.

A phonograph concert and May party is to be given on Friday evening next, at Philbrick hall, by the Knights of Columbus.

Ordway R. Hall has been appointed a census enumerator for ward four in this city, his appointment having been received on Tuesday.

Lots of money made on New York Stock Exchange with \$30. Send for particulars. ARCHIBALD AINSLIE, 31 Broadway, New York.

The Portsmouth High school base ball team and the Somersworth High school team will play a game at the bicycle park this afternoon.

The hall at the Yacht club house is being magnificently decorated under the supervision of Mr. James Dow, in anticipation of ladies' night.

Joseph E. Hoxie has been awarded a contract to paint and decorate the summer residence at Wallis sands, owned by A. E. Turner of Boston, Mass.

The coroner's jury on the Buckley case will hold a session at police head quarters this evening and will probably complete their work on the case.

The gentlemen of the Universalist parish are considering giving a supper in the vestry at an early date, complimentary to the Ladies' Social circle.

The entertainment, supper and sale to be given this evening, May 16th, by the several societies of the Court street church promises to be a very successful affair.

The Plumbers' examining board held a meeting at the office of City Physician George E. Pender on Tuesday morning and considered a number of applications for licenses.

The public sale of tickets for the entertainment at Music hall on Thursday evening opened at the box office at the hall on Tuesday morning, and the demand was satisfactory.

The latest pattern of the Pullman drawing room cars are now being run daily over the Southern division of the Boston & Maine railroad. The cars are fitted up elegantly and are much more roomy than those of the old pattern.

The repairs to the draw of the York river bridge on the York Harbor & Beach railroad, made necessary by the wreck there several weeks ago, are all completed and the first vessel was let through on Tuesday. Bishop Niles has issued a circular letter recommending to the attention and action of the clergy and Christian people of the state the bill now before congress to encourage the organization of industrial schools for the benefit of the freedmen in the south.

The Eastern Rockingham Pomona grange will meet with the Newington grange today, when the fifth degree will be conferred on several candidates. Address will be made by Prof. Ned Dearborn of New Hampshire college and Joseph D. Roberts of Rutherford.

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Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to burdock blood bitters cures. At any drug store.

### LOTS OF GOOD.

This Weather Was Badly Needed For the Growing Crops.

This warm weather was badly needed for the growing green stuff and it has given the farmers considerable encouragement. Everything has been given a start by the warm sun and the showers.

The continued cool and cloudy weather of the past three weeks has been most unfavorable for vegetable growth. The severe freezes of the past week have, perhaps, wrought greater damage than the uninterrupted low temperatures of the two weeks preceding.

As the condition of grass becomes more apparent it was found that here and there the meadows disclose areas void of vegetation, the accumulation of ice during the winter completely destroying the grass roots. Pastures are back ward.

The fact that the fruit crop is late, doubtless saved most of it during the severe freeze. The prospect for a peach crop has been wrecked. Strawberries, cherries and currants have suffered. Apples and pears in most instances are uninjured, however.

### NO GOOD EVIDENCE.

The Sprague Case Will Go Before the Grand Jury.

County Attorney Matthews and Deputy Sheriff Miles of Saco, and Spencer of Berwick, who have been investigating the South Berwick murder case, were in Alfred Tuesday, in attendance at the opening session of the York county supreme court. The county attorney expects to be occupied the entire week with the grand jury.

In response to an inquiry as to whether or not the grand jury would be asked to consider the evidence in the South Berwick murder case, the county attorney replied in the negative, and added that no tangible evidence connecting any particular person with the crime has yet been discovered. If anything definite is developed and evidence sufficient to warrant an arrest should be obtained before the grand jury concludes its deliberations on the criminal matters of the term, of course the case would be brought to the attention of the jury in order to permit a trial at this term, but that does not appear to be a probability.

### ROBBERY IN YORK.

Storehouse Broken Into and a Quantity of Metal Stolen.

The storehouse of William Guptill at Cape Neddick was broken into this forenoon and a large quantity of copper and wire was stolen. The job was done by two men with a team. A telephone message here said that the men were on the way to this city with their plunder.

The case was put in the hands of Officer Shannon during the noon hour and the officer went to the Portsmouth toll bridge to wait for the fellows as they come in from Kittery.

This is said to be the second time that things have been stolen from the place. The owner of the storehouse or old stable, is a man by the name of Scott.

### OBSEQUIES.

The funeral of Otis F. Philbrick was held at the residence on Congress street at two o'clock this afternoon, the officiating clergyman being the Rev. Thomas Whiteside of Trinity Methodist church. There was a very large attendance of the relatives and business men of the city and Osgood Lodge of Odd Fellows and St. John's Lodge of Masons were represented by large delegations. The burial rites of the former organization were performed at the house and the services of the latter organization was held at the grave. The burial was in Harmony Grove cemetery, the funeral director being Mr. H. W. Nickerson.

### WATER FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, May 16.—Tug Piscataqua and barges P. N. Co. No. 10, Exeter and York, Boston for Eliot; tug Peter Smith and barge Hampshire, Philadelphia with coal for J. A. & A. W. Walker, schooners Herbert M. Rogers, Plum Island for Kittery with sand; Clara B. Kennard, Boston for Eliot.

Sailed, May 16.—Schooners Sadie A. Kimball, Hattie Lewis, tug Piscataqua, Boston; Herman F. Kimball, Eastern Port, Marguerite for coal port; barge New Castle for Gloucester; barge Eliot for Boston.

### STATE FEDERATION.

The New Hampshire State Federation of Woman's clubs will hold its fifth annual session at Nashua this week Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, meeting in the Unitarian church. A very low return fare has been arranged between this city and Nashua and a large delegation from the Concord Woman's club is expected to attend.

### PERSONALS.

Miss Esther Berry is visiting relatives in Boston.

C. A. Richmon is to locate in Syracuse, N. Y.

G. E. French remains in a most critical condition.

Bertha Leach of Marcy street is the guest of friends in Dover.

Miss Emma Hartford has returned from a visit to Manchester.

Hon. Frank Jones has returned from a week passed at Sorrento, Maine.

Miss Maud I. Entwistle has so far recovered, as to be able to be out of doors.

Philip H. Young of Boston is passing a few days in this city on business.

Mrs. Charles C. Charles is quite seriously ill at her home on Clinton street.

Mr. G. H. Aldrich of Keene is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. A. M. Doolittle.

Mrs. Abbie Burbank of Medford is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Richter of Middle street.

Philip Young of Boston is passing the week with his father, Aaron Young, of Austin street.

Mrs. J. H. Foster and Miss Foster, who are in Europe, expect to sail for home the last of June.

Mrs. F. J. Sheridan of Cambridge is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Ellen Morrissey, of Highland street.

Miss Little, who has been staying at Newcastle, returned to her home at Abnarrdale, Mass., on Monday.

Mrs. P. S. Howe and Mrs. Lincoln of Manchester opened their cottage at Bedding on Tuesday for the season.

Mr. John LeGro and Mr. John Morse of Somersworth have been recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Murch, and family.

Mr. John W. Gerriar of State street leaves the first of the week for Somersville, where he will be the guest of his sister.

Walter Sawyer, who has been the guest of his mother, Mrs. Horace Sawyer, in Lynn, Mass., for a few days, has returned home.

Mrs. Ezra H. Winchester of Springfield, Mass., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore G. Perkins, Vaughan street.

Captain C. W. Harrold, wife and daughter, arrived on Monday afternoon from Jacksonville, Florida, and have taken the Hoddon house on Deer street for the summer.

Mrs. L. E. Fogg, Mrs. G. B. Chadwick and Mr. H. L. Robinson represented the Methodist Sunday school at the Rockingham County Sunday school convention at Plaistow on Tuesday.

G. Ralph Laighton, treasurer of the Portsmouth Savings bank, is on a business trip to the west. Mrs. Laighton accompanied him as far as Philadelphia, where she is the guest of Mrs. Shea, wife of Dr. William Shea.

### DELIGHTFUL BIRTHDAY PARTY.

William E. Ward, youngest son of Thomas A. Ward, Esq., celebrated his fifth birthday at the beautiful residence of his parents at the corner of Lafayette and South roads on Tuesday afternoon, from four to six o'clock. Those present were as follows: Gladys Young, Jane Newton, Molly Newton, Roxie Newton, Sherman Ward, Philip Trafton, Stanley Trafton, Sherman Newton, Leland French, Thomas Watson, Lillian Watson, Dorothy Dennett, Francis Newton.

The parents of the little ones were present and enjoyed the festivities. After a delightful banquet a special electric conveyed the party to Rye and return. Master Ward was the recipient of several tokens of esteem.

### PORTSMOUTH YACHT CLUB.

The committee on ladies' night at the Portsmouth Yacht club has been obliged this year to confine the invitations to club members only and their lady friends, owing to the largely increased membership and the limited amount of dancing space at the club house. It was agreed, however, that those applicants for membership whose names may be favorably acted on by the membership committee prior to the 15th be accorded the privileges of the club on that evening.

### PREVENTED A TRAGEDY.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long of Straitsville, Ohio, prevents a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles at Globe Grocery Co.

"Safe bind, safe bind." Fortify yourself by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now and be sure of good health for months to come.

### UNION VETERANS UNION.

Command Receives a Portrait of General Whipple.

At the regular meeting of General Gilman Marston Command, Union Veterans Union, held on Tuesday evening, a letter was read from Mr. M. V. B. Perley of this city, giving to the command a large photographic portrait of General William Whipple, the commander of the New Hampshire division in the Continental army during the Revolutionary war. The portrait follows the original painting by Ulysses D. Tenney, and was received with much appreciation and a vote of thanks passed thereon.

Invitations were received for the command to attend services appropriate to Memorial Sunday respectively at the Universalist church, from the pastor, Rev. George E. Leighton, on Sunday, May 27th, and from Rev. Mr. Mills at Rye, on Sunday, June 3d, both of which were accepted.

Col. James R. Stanwood made a short address in which he presented the command with a handsome United States ensign, which was accepted with enthusiasm, and a resolution of thanks to Col. Stanwood was adopted by a rising vote.

### THE SERVICE REVOLVER.

General Orders Issued Regarding the Use of the Colt.

General orders, No. 10, have been made public and are as follows:

Office of Inspector of Rifle Practice, New Hampshire National Guard, Nashua, N. H., May 8, 1900.

Revolver qualifications—Arm, the Colt's service revolver; caliber, .38, army or navy type; minimum, trigger pull, four pounds;